

STORY TEMPLATE

Level	1 ()	2 ()	3 ()	
Theme	Science ()	Technology ()	Engineering ()	Mathematics ()

Objective*

Keywords

Word count

Pre-reading Qs

Open-ended questions:

Text**

Exposition:

Rising action:

Climax:

Falling action:

Resolution (with Pedagogical ending to review):

Post-reading Qs

Interactive questions:

* Climate change and its impact; Math and tech.; Universe as space; Health and sustainability; History of science; Life sciences; Physical science

** Level 1: 50 -200 words; Level 2: 200 - 500 words; Level 3: 500 + words

***For level 1, use around 5-10 words (max.) or less in a sentence.

For level 2, use around 5-15 words (max.) or less in a sentence.

For level 3, use around 5-20 words (max.) or less in a sentence

INNOVATIVE FRAMEWORK

A1.1 – Beginner Level Age: 6, 7

A1.2 – Basic Level – Elementary Proficiency Age: 8, 9

A2 Level – Basic Level Age: 10, 11, 12

Science

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Animals (where they live, favorite animals, what they eat, how they move, domestic and wild animals) ● Body parts ● Weather conditions ● Doing an experiment ● Nature
 ● The seasons
 ● Plants and their constituent parts. Plant care. Where plants live, plant life cycle.
 ● cultivated and spontaneous plants. edible and inedible plants.
 ● living and non-living beings.
 ● colors, sounds, and smells. Colors and sounds in nature.
 ● Where to find water in nature. Saving water and caring for the environment. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Identifying common illnesses ● Sports activities ● How to help animals ● Weather conditions and emotions ● Past actions and their consequences (history of science) ● Protection of the environment ● Climate in different countries or regions ● Vital organs and functions (digestive system, respiratory system, circulatory system,) ● Animals and plants (same topics than ages 6-7 but more developed) ● Rocks: their characteristics and functions ● Soil formation. Fertile, infertile and sterile soil ● Solar system, planets, rotational motion, time differences in the world. ● movement of the earth around the sun ● Importance of the sun for life on earth | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Biographies of famous scientists ● Wild animals that are now extinct ● Making predictions about future events ● Preventing pollution ● Other planets and their discoveries ● Solar system. Galaxies, planets, stars, constellations, comets and meteorites ● Geography and sports activities ● Scientific achievements in history ● Natural forces and disasters
 ● The continents, the oceans
 ● Effect of temperature on water: evaporation, precipitation, solidification, condensation, sublimation.
 ● Pollution, water quality and atmospheric air quality.
 ● Microscopy and the invisible world
 ● Microbes and natural defense mechanisms. Vaccination, hygiene for disease prevention
 ● Fossils
 ● Internal structure of the earth. Volcanoes
 ● Forms of energy. Renewable and non-renewable energy
 ● Diet and diversity of eating habits. healthy food. |
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Technology

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|--|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Simple gadgets ● Electrical devices at home ● Watermill and windmill operation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Contributions of technological products to our lives ● Traffic signs and signals | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Making predictions about future technology ● Designing a website |
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- Tools in the playground (bicycle, skateboard, skate, etc.)
- Inventors of gadgets around
- Simple programming and simple circuits to turn lights on and off, to measure and record temperatures or humidity with a sensor, to turn on an alarm. Connecting these experiments to existing technology in smart homes
- Building a mini wind turbine that turns on a light when we blow and starts a leaf paddle moving

Engineering

- Identifying different buildings
- means of transportation (types and evolution)
- Designing a city map
- experiments to build a pulley, to build a lever, to check elasticity, experiments with light sources.
- How to produce energy by friction
- Common characteristics of inventors
- Economic activities around
- Basic needs
- Production and distribution of basic needs
- Impact of technological developments on life

Mathematics

- Counting (natural numbers)
- Simple calculations
- Labeling
- Even and odd numbers.
- Location and orientation: Left and right, up and down, inside and outside
- Itineraries. build daily itineraries.
- Simple geometry (lines and flat surfaces such as circles and squares)
- Organizing time: days and months.
- Ascending and descending order. Greater than, less than and equal to.
- Reading graphics
- Reading timetables
- Making comparisons between two things
- geometric figures and geometric solids
- parallel and perpendicular lines
- polyhedral and non-polyhedral.
- flat and curved surfaces
- Organizing time: seconds, minutes, days, months, years.
- cardinal points and the positions
- Natural numbers
- Fractions
- Simple geometry (angle, parallel, line, line segment, half line)
- Length and unit of length
- Time and measuring time
- Area and measuring area
- Volume and measuring Volume
- Units of length, area and volume. conversion of units
- Neutral element and absorbent element
- axis of symmetry
- faces and vertices of polyhedral
- classification of triangles by angle

STEM-based topics suggested in the national curricula in Türkiye for the 2nd-8th grades for English language, social studies, life sciences, and mathematics.